## SHB 2660 - H AMD 940 By Representative G. Simpson

## WITHDRAWN 02/17/2004

1 On page 29, after line 19, insert the following:

- 2 "Sec. 14. RCW 46.63.110 and 2003 c 380 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) A person found to have committed a traffic infraction shall be assessed a monetary penalty. No penalty may exceed two hundred and fifty dollars for each offense unless authorized by this chapter or title.
  - (2) The monetary penalty for a violation of RCW 46.55.105(2) is two hundred fifty dollars for each offense. No penalty assessed under this subsection (2) may be reduced.
  - (3) The supreme court shall prescribe by rule a schedule of monetary penalties for designated traffic infractions. This rule shall also specify the conditions under which local courts may exercise discretion in assessing fines and penalties for traffic infractions. The legislature respectfully requests the supreme court to adjust this schedule every two years for inflation.
  - (4) There shall be a penalty of twenty-five dollars for failure to respond to a notice of traffic infraction except where the infraction relates to parking as defined by local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution or failure to pay a monetary penalty imposed pursuant to this chapter. A local legislative body may set a monetary penalty not to exceed twenty-five dollars for failure to respond to a notice of traffic infraction relating to parking as defined by local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution. The local court, whether a municipal, police, or district court, shall impose the monetary penalty set by the local legislative body.
  - (5) Monetary penalties provided for in chapter 46.70 RCW which are civil in nature and penalties which may be assessed for violations of chapter 46.44 RCW relating to size, weight, and load of motor vehicles are not subject to the limitation on the amount of monetary penalties which may be imposed pursuant to this chapter.

(6) Whenever a monetary penalty, fee, cost, assessment, or other monetary obligation is imposed by a court under this chapter it is immediately payable. If the ((person is unable to pay at that time the court may, in its discretion, grant an extension of the period in which the penalty may be paid. If the penalty is not paid on or before the time established for payment the court shall notify the department of the failure to pay the penalty)) court determines, in its discretion that a person is not able to pay a monetary obligation in full, and not more than one year has passed since the effective date of this act or the date the monetary obligation initially became due and payable, the court shall enter into a payment plan with the person, unless the person has previously been granted a payment plan with respect to the same monetary obligation, in which case the court may, at its discretion, implement a payment plan. "Payment plan," as used in this section, means a plan that requires reasonable payments based on the financial ability of the person to pay. The person may voluntarily pay an amount at any time in addition to the payments required under the payment plan:

- (a) If a payment required to be made under the payment plan is delinquent or the person fails to complete a community restitution program on or before the time established under the payment plan, the court shall notify the department of the person's failure to meet the conditions of the plan, and the department shall suspend the person's driver's license or driving privilege until ((the penalty has)) all monetary obligations, including those imposed under subsections (3) and (4) of this section, have been paid ((and the penalty provided in subsection (4) of this section has been paid)), and court authorized community restitution has been completed or until the department has been notified that the court has entered into a new time payment or community restitution agreement with the person.
- (b) If a person has not entered into a payment plan with the court and has not paid the monetary obligation in full on or before the time established for payment, the court shall notify the department of the delinquency. The department shall suspend the person's driver's license or driving privilege until all monetary obligations have been paid, including those imposed under subsections (3) and (4) of this

section, or until the person has entered into a payment plan under this section.

- (c) If the payment plan is to be administered by the court, the court may assess the person a reasonable administrative fee to be wholly retained by the city or county with jurisdiction. The administrative fee shall not exceed ten dollars per infraction or twenty-five dollars per payment plan, whichever is less.
- (d) Nothing in this section precludes a court from contracting with outside entities to administer its payment plan system. When outside entities are used for the administration of a payment plan, the court may assess the person a reasonable fee for such administrative services, which fee may be calculated on a periodic, percentage, or other basis. Fees collected under this subsection shall be wholly retained by the city or county with jurisdiction, for payment to its outside entity.
- (e) If a court authorized community restitution program for offenders is available in the jurisdiction, the court may allow conversion of all or part of the monetary obligations due under subsection (5) of this section to court authorized community restitution in lieu of time payments if the person is unable to make reasonable time payments.
- (7) In addition to any other penalties imposed under this section and not subject to the limitation of subsection (1) of this section, a person found to have committed a traffic infraction shall be assessed a fee of five dollars per infraction. Under no circumstances shall this fee be reduced or waived. Revenue from this fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account under RCW 70.168.040.
- (8)(a) In addition to any other penalties imposed under this section and not subject to the limitation of subsection (1) of this section, a person found to have committed a traffic infraction other than of RCW 46.61.527 shall be assessed an additional penalty of twenty dollars. The court may not reduce, waive, or suspend the additional penalty unless the court finds the offender to be indigent. If a court authorized community restitution program for offenders is available in the jurisdiction, the court ((shall)) may allow offenders to offset all

or a part of the penalty due under this subsection (8) by participation in the <u>court authorized</u> community restitution program.

1 2

- (b) Eight dollars and fifty cents of the additional penalty under (a) of this subsection shall be remitted to the state treasurer. The remaining revenue from the additional penalty must be remitted under chapters 2.08, 3.46, 3.50, 3.62, 10.82, and 35.20 RCW. Money remitted under this subsection to the state treasurer must be deposited as provided in RCW 43.08.250. The balance of the revenue received by the county or city treasurer under this subsection must be deposited into the county or city current expense fund. Moneys retained by the city or county under this subsection shall constitute reimbursement for any liabilities under RCW 43.135.060.
- 13 (9) A person may not enter into a second or subsequent payment plan 14 if the person is in noncompliance with the terms of any existing or 15 prior plan.
- (10) A person is not eligible to enter into a payment plan if any delinquent amount owed by the person for any penalty imposed by the court under this section has been assigned to a collection agency and legal action has commenced to collect the delinquent amount.
- **Sec. 15.** RCW 46.64.025 and 1999 c 86 s 7 are each amended to read 21 as follows:
  - (1) Whenever any person violates his or her written promise to appear in court, ((er)) fails to appear for a scheduled court hearing, or fails to comply with the terms of a citation, the court in which the defendant failed to appear or comply shall promptly give notice of such fact to the department of licensing. Whenever thereafter the case in which the defendant failed to appear or comply is adjudicated, the court hearing the case shall promptly file with the department a certificate showing that the case has been adjudicated.
  - (2)(a) Where compliance with the terms of a misdemeanor citation is limited to the payment of a monetary penalty, fee, cost, assessment, or other monetary obligation, and the court determines, in its discretion, that a person is not able to pay the monetary obligation in full, and not more than one year has passed since the effective date of this act or the date the monetary obligation initially became due and payable, the court shall enter into a payment plan with the person, unless the

- person has previously been granted a payment plan with respect to the same monetary obligation, in which case the court may, at its discretion, implement a payment plan. "Payment plan," as used in this section, means a plan that requires reasonable payments based on the financial ability of the person to pay. The person may voluntarily pay any amount at any time in addition to these payments. If a person has б entered into a payment plan under this subsection, the court shall not notify the department of licensing that the person has failed to comply with the terms of a citation as it applies to payment of the monetary obligation unless a payment required to be made under the payment plan is delinquent.
  - (b) If the payment plan is to be administered by the court, the court may assess the person a reasonable administrative fee to be wholly retained by the city or county with jurisdiction. The administrative fee shall not exceed ten dollars per infraction or twenty-five dollars per payment plan, whichever is less.

- (c) Nothing in this section precludes a court from contracting with outside entities to administer its payment plan system. When outside entities are used for the administration of a payment plan, the court may assess the person a reasonable fee for such administrative services, which fee may be calculated on a periodic, percentage, or other basis. Fees collected under this subsection shall be wholly retained by the city or county with jurisdiction, for payment to its outside entity.
- (d) A person may not enter into a second or subsequent payment plan if the person is in noncompliance with the terms of any existing or prior plan.
- (e) A person is not eligible to enter into a payment plan if any delinquent amount owed by the person for any penalty imposed by the court under this section has been assigned to a collection agency and legal action has commenced to collect the delinquent amount."
- Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

--- END ---